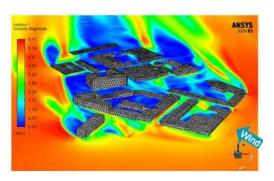




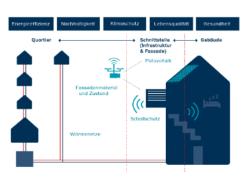
EMO4iCity
Emission-reduced mobility as part of iCity



Streetmoves4iCity
Streetmoves for the intelligent city



SenSim4iCity
Sensors and simulation for energy
efficiency and the environment



DiaOpt4iCity
DIAgnostics and OPTimisation of building structures and heating networks

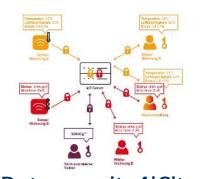


UDiGit4iCity
Urban digital twins for the iCity



Sensoren4iCity

Network of autonomous sensors for recording environmental data

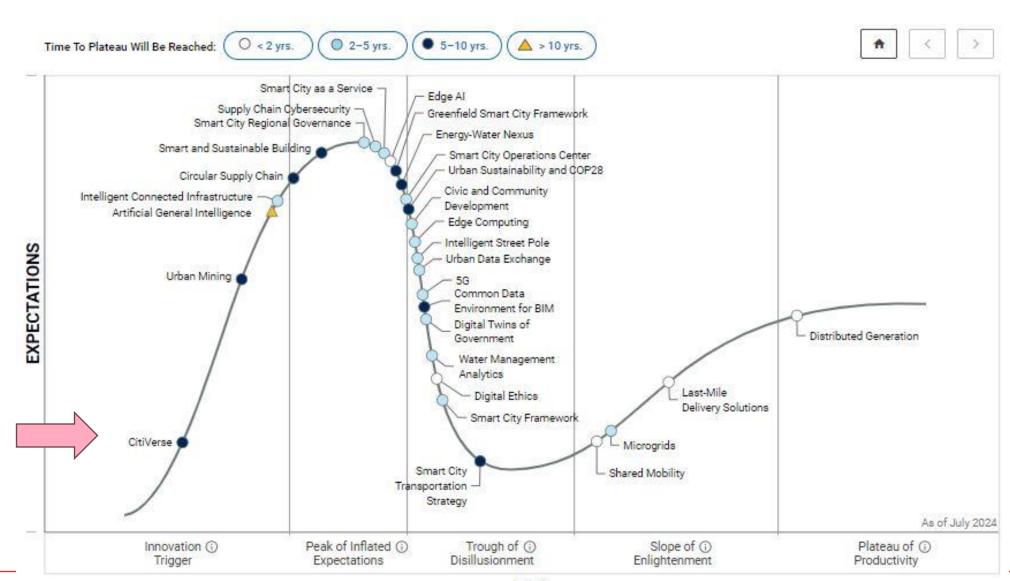


Datasecurity4iCity

Data security measures for iCity data flows

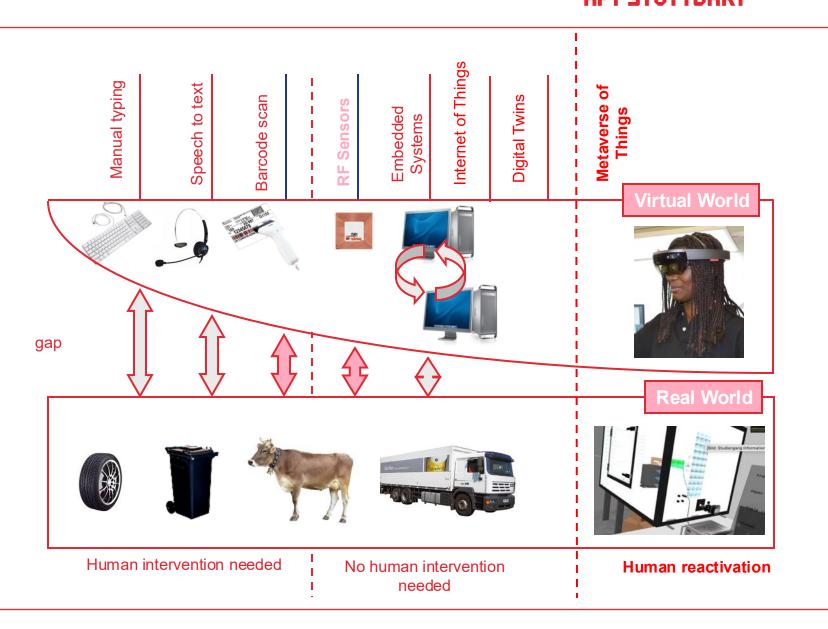


Campus as a transdisciplinary experiment



Based on: Elgar Fleisch, Friedemann Mattern, Stephan Billinger (2003) Betriebswirtschaftliche Applikationen des **Ubiquitous Computing**: Beispiele, Bausteine und Nutzenpotentiale

https://www.alexandria.unisg.ch/server/api/core/bitstre ams/172b8eaf-679a-4886-98a2-e0bde3c0b2c2/content





Topic	EDIC* Framework	Interoperability	Visual Urban Planning
Literature	- Multinational projects/EDIC bundle investments	Open standardsShared architectureKnowledge transfer	- Better decision-making through visualization & simulation
Interviews	 Participation generally positive, but depends on funding & coordination 	 Strong focus on development of standards & interoperable solutions Breaking down data silos; closer collaboration between departments 	- 3D simulation improves decision- making & participation
Agreement	High	High	High
Differences	- Interviews emphasize the following conditions: long-term staff, federal coordination	- Interviews add: access to sensitive data only for authorized users → shared use of base data	- No specific differences

^{*}CitiVerse European Digital Infrastructure Consortium (EDIC)



Topic	Immersive City Offerings (XR)	Efficiency & Cost Benefits	Digital Sovereignty
Literature	 XR/VR in education/culture/ participation, but broad implementation still pending 	- (Need for) concrete examples of savings	- Promotion of European values & companies, technology openness
Interviews	- Visualization & immersion increase acceptance among the population due to practical participation	Large cities save through better planning and targeted resource useSmall cities benefit indirectly	- Open source approach as a sovereignty strategy
Agreement	High	Medium	High
Differences	- Interviews mention implemented applications	- Interviews differentiate benefits by city size and level of maturity	- Interviews specify open source in the local government context

◆ eCl@ss¹

Bluetooth

IoT SDOs and Alliances Landscape (Vertical and Horizontal Domains)



Source: ETSI TR 103 375 (2016) SmartM2M; IoT Standards landscape and future evolutions, https://aioti.eu/wpcontent/uploads/2017/03/tr_103375v01 0101p-Standards-landscape-and-futureevolutions.pdf

Guidance on standards needed

Discussion key-note: Uckelmann, D. (2024) Why providing a comprehensive IoT education is impossible – but we should nevertheless strive to do so. Key-Note, International Conference on Smart Technologies & Education (STE2024). 6.-8.3.2024, Helsinki, Finnland.

Horizontal/Telecommunication

oma

Source: AIOTI WG3 (IoT Standardisation) - Release 2.6

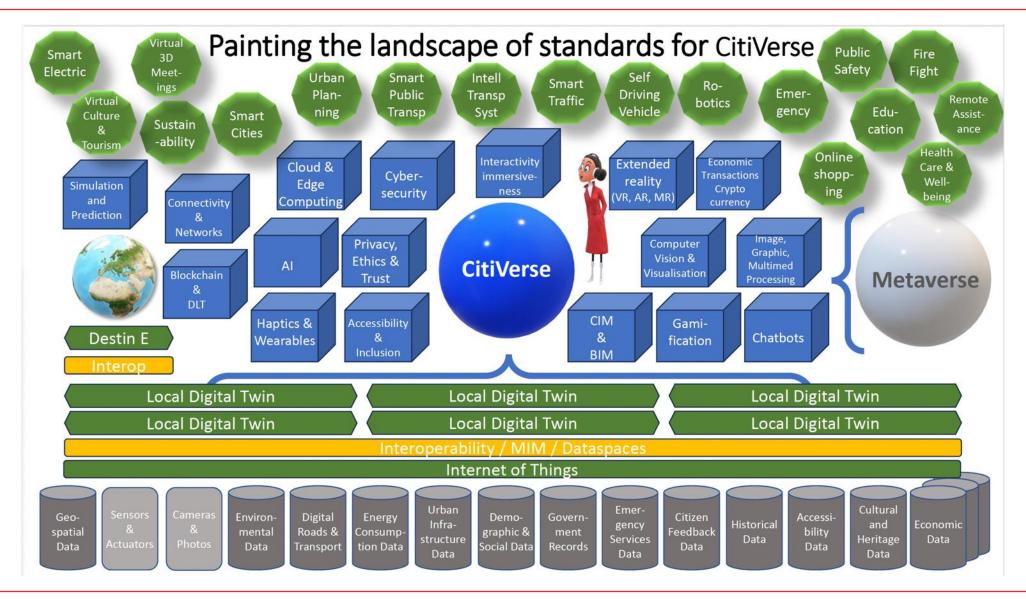
trnferum

Remember: the original idea of the IoT was to have ONE! Internet of Things.

Alliance

pen

LoRa





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- Next-gen urban digitalization combining Smart Cities & Metaverse
- Multi-layered framework integrating IoT, Digital Twins, XR, AI
- Focus on immersive, interoperable, and participatory environments
- What's missing?

Application Areas Metaverse & CitiVerse Core Functions Local Digital Twins Local Digital Twins Local Digital Twins Interoperability Internet of Things Data and Sensor Layer

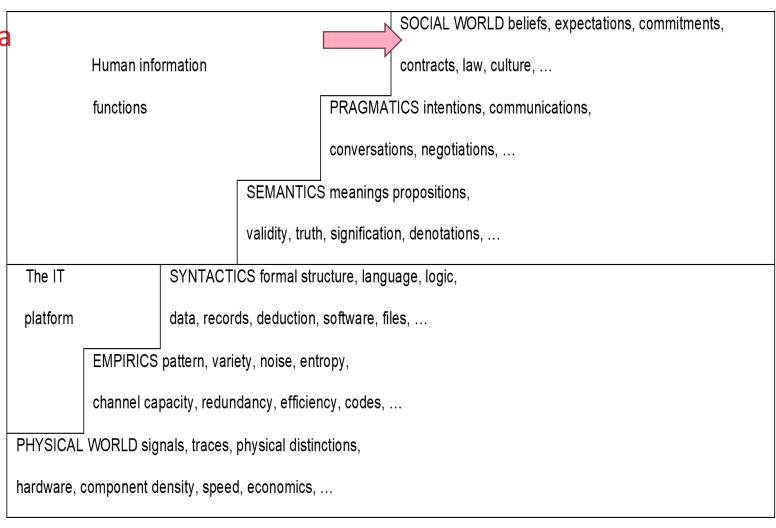
Traboulsi, S.; Uckelmann, D. (2025) CitiVerse: From Semiotic Theory to Interoperable, Human-Centered Smart Cities. 31st International Conference on Engineering, Technology and Innovation (ICE), Valencia. 16.-18.6.2025.

Simplified layered model based on StandICT (2023): Standardisation Landscape for CitiVerse

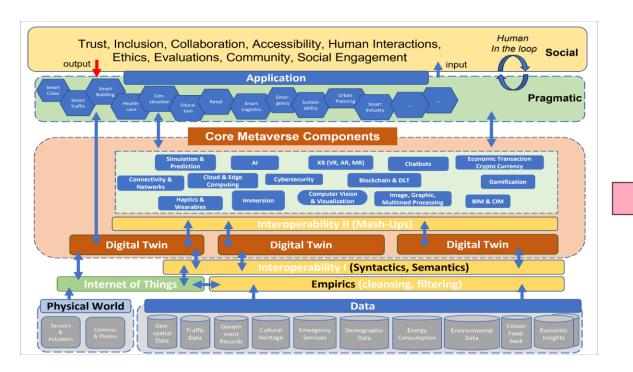


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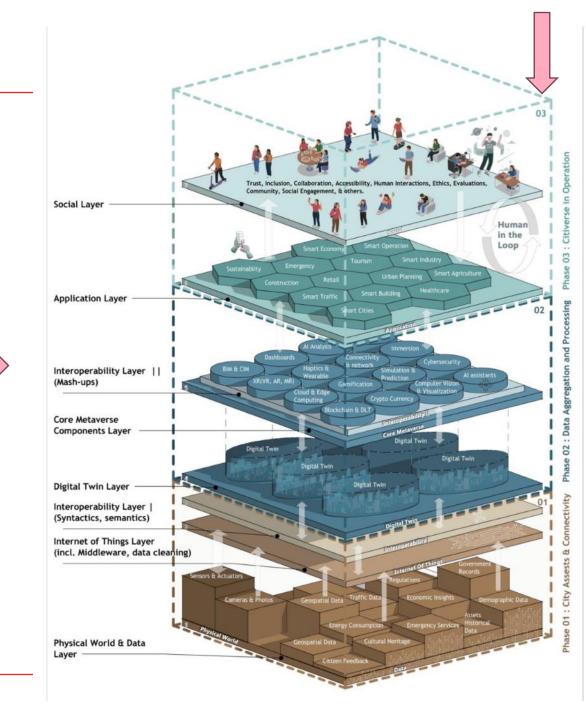
Stamper's Semiotic Ladder serves as a benchmark for IT frameworks



Contribution to Track 7 paper on Global Digital CitiVerse Framework



Traboulsi, S.; Uckelmann, D. (2025) CitiVerse: From Semiotic Theory to Interoperable, Human-Centered Smart Cities. 31st International Conference on Engineering, Technology and Innovation (ICE), Valencia. 16.-18.6.2025.



Global Digital Citiverse Framework

Abdelhameed Mohamed

Mohamed Mohsen Jun Li Zhihan Lyu Dieter Uckelmann



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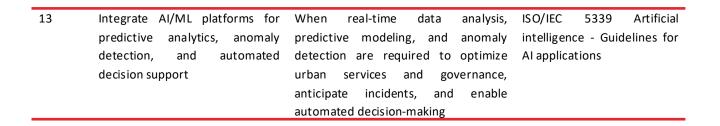
12 11. November 2025



Phase Number	Phase Name	Fundamental Question
1	City Assets and Connectivity	What physical assets, connectivity infrastructure, and data standards must be deployed across the city to enable real-time sensing and seamless data integration?
2	Data Aggregation and Processing Hubs	What data management infrastructure, processing capabilities, and analytical tools should be established to transform raw data into actionable intelligence?
3	Citiverse in Operation	What operational platforms, visualization tools, and governance mechanisms are required to monitor, manage, and optimize city functions in real-time?

Technical recommendations for each phase are listed in the document (f.e. pointing to ISO, ITU and other established standards)

13 11. November 2025



Suggestion 13: Integrate AI/ML platforms for predictive analytics, anomaly detection, and automated decision support

The integration of artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) platforms into city operations and governance enables proactive and adaptive decision-making. Predictive analytics can anticipate traffic congestion, equipment failures, or energy demand spikes before they occur. Anomaly detection improves resilience by identifying irregular patterns such as water leakage, air quality deterioration, or cyber intrusions. Automated decision support then allows city managers to take timely action, reducing human error and improving service delivery⁴⁵.

One of the related standards is ISO/IEC 5339, which provides practical guidance for applying AI technologies across domains, focusing on governance, transparency, and implementation best practices. It is particularly relevant for ensuring that AI/ML platforms used for anomaly detection and predictive analytics in cities follow trustworthy and standardized approaches⁴⁶.

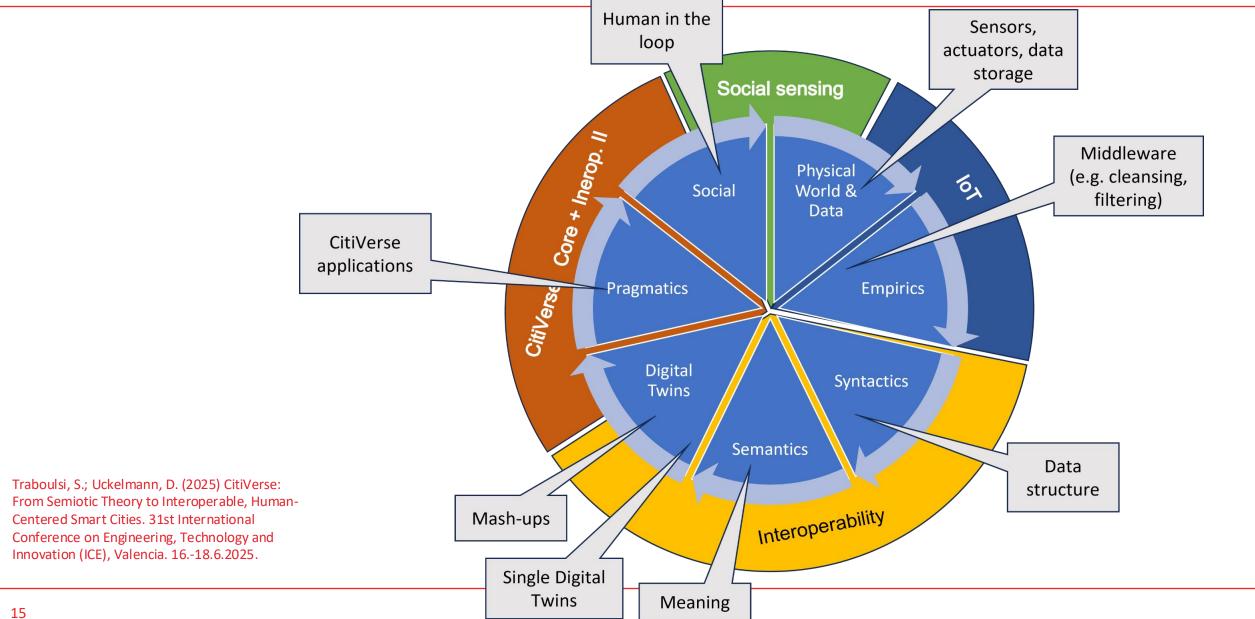
One of the related case studies is in Helsinki, Finland, where the city has applied AI-driven predictive analytics to optimize public transport operations. By analyzing passenger flows, weather conditions, and traffic patterns, the system forecasts demand and adjusts bus and tram schedules dynamically. This reduces congestion, improves service reliability, and enhances commuter satisfaction. The project highlights how AI/ML platforms, when responsibly integrated, can transform city operations by enabling proactive interventions rather than reactive responses⁴⁷.

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Suggestion: an iterative Citiverse development model



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